

300. Salt (4th sort), from Kannparti Cotaur.
 301. Salt (5th sort), from Pakarda Cotaur.
 302. Salt (5th sort), from Pakarda Cotaur.
 303. Salt, from South Arcot district, Chunampelt.
 304. Salt, from South Arcot district, Merkanum.
 305. Salt, from South Arcot district, Gundalum.
 306. Earth salt from the Kurnool district.
 307. Earth from which this earth salt is produced.
 308. Saltpetre, unrefined.*
 309. Saltpetre, refined.*
 310. Alum shales, from Kalabagh, on the Indus river.
 311. Alum shale, burnt and ready for the manufacture of the salt.
 312. Alum prepared from these shales.
 About 600 tons of alum are made annually at the Kalabagh works.
 313. Alum, as commonly sold in the markets of the country.

MISCELLANEOUS ECONOMIC MINERALS.

314. Gypsum (selenite), from the Cretaceous rocks. Ootatoor, Trichinopoly district.
 315. Gypsum, with anhydrite, from Shalkar, N. W. Himalayas.
 316. Selenite, from Shalkar, N. W. Himalayas.
 317. Gypsum, from Puga, Ladak; occurs associated with sulphur and potash alum, see Nos. 318 and 319. See Memoirs, Geol. Surv. of India, vol. v. p. 164.
 318. Potash alum, from Puga, Ladak.
 319. Native sulphur, from Puga, Ladak.
 320. Native sulphur, from Barren Island, Bay of Bengal.
 321. Graphite, from Travancore, Madras.
 322. Graphite, from Galikonda, Srungavara-pukota taluq, Vizagapatam, from the manager of the Maharajah of Vizagapatam.
 323. Corundum, from South Rewah. Occurs as a thick bed in the gneiss.
 324. Corundum from Coimbatore, Madras.
 324 b. Corundum, from Salem, Madras.
 325. Gem sand, chiefly spinel fragments, from Ava.
 326. Crude sapphire and ruby sand, from Upper Burmah (sent by the Burmese Committee).
 327. Aquamarine in rough crystals, from Kangiam, near Coimbatore, Madras.
 328. Aquamarine, two specimens cut and polished, from Kangiam, near Coimbatore, Madras.
 329. Green aventurine quartz, from near Bellary, in Madras Presidency. Of this beautiful material large slabs and masses can be obtained.
 330. Mica, from the valley of the Sankh river, in Hazaribagh district.
 331. Mica, in small flakes, crystallised; sent by Madras Committee.
 332. Mica, from veins in the gneiss rocks, near Gawan, Hazaribagh district; contributed by L. Carrington, Esq., C.E., East Indian Railway.
 333. Borax, crude, from Puga, Ladak. Occurs with other salts as an efflorescence on the surface of the soil near hot springs.

* From Her Majesty's Gunpowder Factory, Madras. Sent by Madras Committee.

334. Carbonate of soda, crystallised, obtained from the Coimbatore district (Vannan Karum).
 335. Magnesite, from near Salem, Madras.
 336. Shelly marble, from Upper Assam.
 336. Shelly marble, from Garudamungalum, Trichinopoly.
 337. Crystalline limestone (white), from Muddikerray, Coimbatore district.
 338. Crystalline limestone (red), from Muddikerray, Coimbatore district.
 339. Crystalline limestone (grey), from Muddikerray, Coimbatore district.
 340. Slates, roofing, from Rewaree, Goorgaon.
 341. Slates, roofing, from near Dhurmsala, Kangra.
 341a, b, c. Large platters or trays turned out of slate, from Mr. Ambler, manager of Slate Quarries, Monghyr; through Bengal Committee.

342. Potstone, turned into plates, dishes and cups; from Maunbhúm.

The larger specimens are sold at about 6d. each.

343. Serpentinous limestone, carved into various articles; from Tadpatry, in Bellary district, Madras Presidency. Presented by J. H. Master, Esq., Collector.
 344. Articles carved in serpentine and other rocks; from Kurnool, Madras Presidency. Presented by J. H. Master, Esq., Collector.
 345. Soapstone, gypsum, &c., from Kurnool, Madras Presidency.
 346. O'Rileyite, from the Karen country, Burmah. Contains—

((a) Soluble in dilute HCl.)

Oxide of copper -	-	-	1.21
Protoxide of iron -	-	-	1.97
Oxide of lead -	-	-	1.89
Arsenious acid -	-	-	1.12
			6.19

((b) Insoluble.)

Copper -	-	-	12.13
Iron -	-	-	42.12
Arsenic -	-	-	38.45
Antimony -	-	-	.54
Earthy matters -	-	-	.12
			93.36
Loss -	-	-	.45
			100.00

347. Calderite, from near Hazaribagh.

A recent analysis of this mineral, in the Geological Survey Office, gave—

Silica -	-	-	37.44
Sesquioxide of iron -	-	-	19.38
Protoxide of iron -	-	-	5.24
Alumina -	-	-	6.27
Lime -	-	-	30.93
Magnesia -	-	-	1.40
Oxide of manganese -	-	-	a trace
			100.66

The mineral being a massive lime-iron-garnet.

348. Lepidolite, pinkish, from a granite vein in mica-schist, from Pakeera, Hazaribagh district.
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